

## Wind Mitigation Inspection Report



**Property Address:** 

30/40/50/60 Woods Landing Trail Oldsmar, Florida 34677

Prepared For:

East Lake Woodlands Woods Landing

www.nealinspections.com



"Inspected once, Inspected right" "

www.Nachi.org



## **Contact Us**

Neal Inspections LLC nealinspections@gmail.com



Troy Neal: (813) 545-5363 William Neal: (813) 352-4690

Uniform Mitigation Verification Inspection Form

Maintain a copy of this form and any documentation provided with the insurance policy

Inspection Date: 3/07/2024								
Owner Information								
	Name: East Lake Woodland	s Woods Landing		Contact Person: Bev	Contact Person: Beverly			
Address: 30/40/50/60 Woods Landing Trail				Home Phone:				
City:	Oldsmar							
County	: Pinellas							
Insuran	ce Company:	<u>-</u>		Policy #:				
Year of	Home: 1984 (40 years)	# of Stories: Two	# of Stories: Two		Email: bneubecker@ameritechmail.com			
NOTE	NOTE: Any documentation used in validating the compliance or existence of each construction or mitigation attribute must accompany this form. At least one photograph must accompany this form to validate each attribute marked in questions 3 though 7. The insurer may ask additional questions regarding the mitigated feature(s) verified on this form.							
<ol> <li>Building Code: Was the structure built in compliance with the Florida Building Code (FBC 2001 or later) OR for homes located in the HVHZ (Miami-Dade or Broward counties), South Florida Building Code (SFBC-94)?</li> <li>A. Built in compliance with the FBC: Year Built For homes built in 2002/2003 provide a permit application with a date after 3/1/2002: Building Permit Application Date (MM/DD/YYYY)</li></ol>								
OR	2. <b>Roof Covering:</b> Select all roof covering types in use. Provide the permit application date OR FBC/MDC Product Approval number OR Year of Original Installation/Replacement OR indicate that no information was available to verify compliance for each roof covering identified.							
	2.1 Roof Covering Type:	Permit Application Date	FBC or MDC Product Approval #	Year of Original Installation or Replacement	No Information Provided for Compliance			
	1. Asphalt/Fiberglass Shingle	8/20/2013						
	2. Concrete/Clay Tile			<del></del>				
	3. Metal				$\overline{\sqcap}$			
	4. Built Up				$\overline{\Box}$			
	5. Membrane				Ē			
	6. Other				H			
	<u> </u>							
	roofing permit application after							
	C. One or more roof coverings	-		or "B".				
Ш	D. No roof coverings meet the requirements of Answer "A" or "B".							
3. <u>Roo</u>	of Deck Attachment: What is t							
	A. Plywood/Oriented strand board (OSB) roof sheathing attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24" inches o.c.) by staples or 6d nails spaced at 6" along the edge and 12" in the fieldOR- Batten decking supporting wood shakes or wood shinglesOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that has an equivalent mean uplift less than that required for Options B or C below.							
	B. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing with a minimum thickness of 7/16"inch attached to the roof truss/rafter (spaced a maximum of 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 12" inches in the fieldOR- Any system of screws, nails, adhesives, other deck fastening system or truss/rafter spacing that is shown to have an equivalent or greater resistance 8d nails spaced a maximum of 12 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least 103 psf.							
	C. Plywood/OSB roof sheathing 24"inches o.c.) by 8d common decking with a minimum of 2. Any system of screws, nails, a street and the street	nails spaced a maximum of nails per board (or 1 nail publishesives, other deck faster	of 6" inches in the fer board if each board ing system or truss	fieldOR- Dimensional lumbard is equal to or less than 6 in /rafter spacing that is shown	per/Tongue & Groove nches in width)OR-			
Inspec	tors Initials TN Property A	ddress 30/40/50/60 Woo	ous Landing Trail	34677				

\*This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure. OIR-B1-1802 (Rev. 01/12) Adopted by Rule 69O-170.0155 Page 1 of 4

<ul> <li>□ D. Reinforced Concrete Roof Deck.</li> <li>□ E. Other:</li> <li>□ F. Unknown or unidentified.</li> <li>□ G. No attic access.</li> </ul> 4. Roof to Wall Attachment: What is the WEAKEST roof to wall connection? (Do not include attachment of hip/valley jacks within 5 feet of the inside or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type) <ul> <li>□ A. Toe Nails</li> </ul>				greater res 2 psf.	istance than 8d common nails spaced a maximum of 6 inches in the field or has a mean uplift resistance of at least		
E. Other:		П		•	ed Concrete Roof Deck		
F. Unknown or unidentified.		$\overline{\Box}$					
G. No attic access.							
Sect of the inside or outside corner of the roof in determination of WEAKEST type)   A. Toe Nails   Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached to the top plate of the wall, or   Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D.   Minimal conditions to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:   Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and   Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.   B. Clips   Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.   Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.   C. Single Wraps   Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.   D. Double Wraps   Metal Connectors consisting of a single strap that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or   Metal Connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or   Metal Connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter wall is secured with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or   Metal Connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter wall is secured with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposin			G.	No attic a	ccess.		
Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached to the top plate of the wall, or   Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D	4.						
the top plate of the wall, or   Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D    Minimal conditions to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:    Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and   Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.    B. Clips   Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.   Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.     C. Single Wraps   Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.     D. Double Wraps   Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or   Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or   Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or   Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or   Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wr			A.	Toe Nails			
Minimal conditions to qualify for categories B. C. or D. All visible metal connectors are:   Secured to truss/rafter with a minimum of three (3) nails, and   Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.   B. Clips					Truss/rafter anchored to top plate of wall using nails driven at an angle through the truss/rafter and attached to the top plate of the wall, or		
Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.  B. Clips  Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or  Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.  C. Single Wraps  Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.  D. Double Wraps  Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or  Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or  Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or  Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or  B. Structural  Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.  F. Other:  G. Unknown or unidentified  H. No attic access  Seof Geometry: What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carpo					Metal connectors that do not meet the minimal conditions or requirements of B, C, or D		
Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.  B. Clips  Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or  Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.  C. Single Wraps  Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.  D. Double Wraps  Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or  Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or  Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or  Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or  B. Structural  Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.  F. Other:  G. Unknown or unidentified  H. No attic access  Seof Geometry: What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carpo		Mir	iim	al condition	ons to qualify for categories B, C, or D. All visible metal connectors are:		
Attached to the wall top plate of the wall framing, or embedded in the bond beam, with less than a ½" gap from the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe corrosion.    B. Clips							
Metal connectors that do not wrap over the top of the truss/rafter, or   Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.    C. Single Wraps   Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.    D. Double Wraps   Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or   Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of 1 nails on each side.    E. Structural   Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.   F. Other:   G. Unknown or unidentified   H. No attic access					the blocking or truss/rafter and blocked no more than 1.5" of the truss/rafter, and free of visible severe		
Metal connectors with a minimum of 1 strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and does not meet the nail position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.    C. Single Wraps		✓	B.	Clips			
position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.  C. Single Wraps  Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.  D. Double Wraps  Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or  Metal Connectors consisting of a single strap that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter, where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, and is secured with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or  Metal Connectors consisting of a single strap that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter, and is secured with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or  Metal Connectors to side of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or  Metal Connectors to side of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or  Metal Connectors to side of the truss/rafter and is secured to the wall on the truss/rafter and is secured to the wall on the opposing side, or  Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, or embedded in the bond truss/rafter and is secured to the wall on the secured to the truss/rafter and is secured to the wall on the opposing side, or  Metal Connectors to side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured to the wall on the secured to the truss/rafter and is secured to the wall on the opposing side, or  Metal Connectors specifically and the truss/rafter and is secured to the wall on the				☑			
Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.  D. Double Wraps    Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or   Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured with a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or   Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.   E. Structural				Ц	position requirements of C or D, but is secured with a minimum of 3 nails.		
minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.  D. Double Wraps  Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or  Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.  E. Structural  Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.  F. Other:  G. Unknown or unidentified  H. No attic access  5. Roof Geometry: What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of the host structure over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).  A. Hip Roof  Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.  Total length of non-hip features:  feet, Total roof system perimeter:  feet  Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12  sq ft; Total roof area  Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.  6. Secondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)  C. Other Roof on a dhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.  B. No SWR.  C. Unknown or undetermined.		Ш	C.	Single W			
Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with a minimum of 2 nails on the front side, and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side, or   Metal connectors consisting of a single strap that wraps over the top of the truss/rafter, is secured to the wall on both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.    E. Structural   Anchor bolts structurally connected or reinforced concrete roof.   F. Other:     G. Unknown or unidentified   H. No attic access			Ъ	Dardala V	minimum of 2 nails on the front side and a minimum of 1 nail on the opposing side.		
both sides, and is secured to the top plate with a minimum of three nails on each side.    E. Structural		Ш	υ.		Metal Connectors consisting of 2 separate straps that are attached to the wall frame, or embedded in the bond beam, on either side of the truss/rafter where each strap wraps over the top of the truss/rafter and is secured with		
<ul> <li>F. Other:</li></ul>							
<ul> <li>G. Unknown or unidentified</li> <li>H. No attic access</li> <li>5. Roof Geometry: What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of the host structure over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).</li> <li>A. Hip Roof Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.  Total length of non-hip features: feet; Total roof system perimeter: feet  Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft</li> <li>C. Other Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.</li> <li>6. Secondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)</li> <li>A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.</li> <li>B. No SWR.</li> <li>C. Unknown or undetermined.</li> <li>Inspectors Initials TN Property Address 30/40/50/60 Woods Landing Trail 34677</li> </ul>					•		
5. Roof Geometry: What is the roof shape? (Do not consider roofs of porches or carports that are attached only to the fascia or wall of the host structure over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).  □ A. Hip Roof Hip roof with no other roof shapes greater than 10% of the total roof system perimeter.  Total length of non-hip features: feet; Total roof system perimeter: feet  □ B. Flat Roof Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft  □ C. Other Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.  6. Secondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)  □ A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.  □ B. No SWR.  □ C. Unknown or undetermined.  Inspectors Initials TN Property Address 30/40/50/60 Woods Landing Trail 34677							
the host structure over unenclosed space in the determination of roof perimeter or roof area for roof geometry classification).    A. Hip Roof			Η.	No attic a	ccess		
Total length of non-hip features: feet; Total roof system perimeter: feet  Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft  C. Other Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.  6. Secondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)  A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.  B. No SWR.  C. Unknown or undetermined.  Inspectors Initials TN Property Address 30/40/50/60 Woods Landing Trail 34677	5.						
□ B. Flat Roof       Roof on a building with 5 or more units where at least 90% of the main roof area has a roof slope of less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft         ☑ C. Other Roof       Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.         6. Secondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)         ☑ A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.         ☐ B. No SWR.         ☐ C. Unknown or undetermined.         Inspectors Initials TN       Property Address 30/40/50/60 Woods Landing Trail 34677			A.	Hip Roof			
less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft  ✓ C. Other Roof Any roof that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.  6. Secondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)  ✓ A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.  ☐ B. No SWR.  ☐ C. Unknown or undetermined.  Inspectors Initials TN Property Address 30/40/50/60 Woods Landing Trail 34677		П	В.	Flat Roof			
<ul> <li>6. Secondary Water Resistance (SWR): (standard underlayments or hot-mopped felts do not qualify as an SWR)</li> <li>✓ A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.</li> <li>☐ B. No SWR.</li> <li>☐ C. Unknown or undetermined.</li> <li>Inspectors Initials TN Property Address 30/40/50/60 Woods Landing Trail 34677</li> </ul>					less than 2:12. Roof area with slope less than 2:12 sq ft; Total roof area sq ft		
<ul> <li>✓ A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the dwelling from water intrusion in the event of roof covering loss.</li> <li>☐ B. No SWR.</li> <li>☐ C. Unknown or undetermined.</li> <li>Inspectors Initials TN Property Address 30/40/50/60 Woods Landing Trail 34677</li> </ul>		V	C.	Other Ro	Any root that does not qualify as either (A) or (B) above.		
C. Unknown or undetermined.  Inspectors Initials TN Property Address 30/40/50/60 Woods Landing Trail 34677	6.		A. SWR (also called Sealed Roof Deck) Self-adhering polymer modified-bitumen roofing underlayment applied directly to the sheathing or foam adhesive SWR barrier (not foamed-on insulation) applied as a supplemental means to protect the				
*This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or	In	spec					
	*Т	'hic v	zeri	ification fo	orm is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or		

inaccuracies found on the form.

7. <u>Opening Protection</u>: What is the <u>weakest</u> form of wind borne debris protection installed on the structure? **First**, use the table to determine the weakest form of protection for each category of opening. **Second**, (a) check one answer below (A, B, C, N, or X) based upon the lowest protection level for ALL Glazed openings **and** (b) check the protection level for all Non-Glazed openings (.1, .2, or .3) as applicable.

•	Opening Protection Level Chart		Glazed Openings				Non-Glazed Openings	
Place an "X" in each row to identify all forms of protection in use for each opening type. Check only one answer below (A thru X), based on the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for any of the Glazed openings and indicate the weakest form of protection (lowest row) for Non-Glazed openings.		Windows or Entry Doors	Garage Doors	Skylights	Glass Block	Entry Doors	Garage Doors	
N/A	Not Applicable- there are no openings of this type on the structure							
Α	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (9-lb for windows doors/4.5 lb for skylights)							
В	Verified cyclic pressure & large missile (4-8 lb for windows doors/2 lb for skylights)							
С	Verified plywood/OSB meeting Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2007							
D	Verified Non-Glazed Entry or Garage doors indicating compliance with ASTM E 330, ANSI/DASMA 108, or PA/TAS 202 for wind pressure resistance							
N	Opening Protection products that appear to be A or B but are not verified							
IN	Other protective coverings that cannot be identified as A, B, or C							
х	No Windborne Debris Protection	X						
	<ul> <li>Florida Building Code Testing Application Standard (TAS) 201, 202, and 203</li> <li>American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) E 1886 and ASTM E 1996</li> <li>Southern Standards Technical Document (SSTD) 12</li> <li>For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996</li> <li>For Garage Doors Only: ANSI/DASMA 115</li> <li>A.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist</li> </ul>							
<ul> <li>□A.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above</li> <li>□A.3 One or More Non-Glazed Openings is classified as Level B, C, N, or X in the table above</li> </ul>								
B. op in fo	B. Exterior Opening Protection- Cyclic Pressure and 4 to 8-lb Large Missile (2-4.5 lb for skylights only) All Glazed openings are protected, at a minimum, with impact resistant coverings or products listed as windborne debris protection devices in the product approval system of the State of Florida or Miami-Dade County and meet the requirements of one of the following for "Cyclic Pressure and Large Missile Impact" (Level B in the table above):  ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile – 4.5 lb.)  SSTD 12 (Large Missile – 4 lb. to 8 lb.)  For Skylights Only: ASTM E 1886 and ASTM E 1996 (Large Missile - 2 to 4.5 lb.)  B.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A or B in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist							
_	B.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table about the table above  B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C. N. or V in the			d openings	classified	d as Leve	l C, N, or 1	
☐ <u>C.</u>	B.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level C, N, or X in the Exterior Opening Protection- Wood Structural Panels meeting twood/OSB meeting the requirements of Table 1609.1.2 of the FBC 2	ng FBC 2	<b>007</b> All			are co	vered w	

C.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Level D in the table above, and no Non-Glazed openings classified as Level N or X in

C.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as A, B, or C in the table above, or no Non-Glazed openings exist

C.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Level N or X in the table above

the table above

inaccuracies found on the form.

Inspectors Initials TN Property Address 30/40/50/60 Woods Landing Trail 34677

\*This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years provided no material changes have been made to the structure or

N. Exterior Opening Protection (unverified shutter protective coverings not meeting the requirements of A					
with no documentation of compliance (Level N in the		stems that appear to meet 7 ms wer 11 or 3			
N.1 All Non-Glazed openings classified as Level A, B, C,	or N in the table above, or no N	on-Glazed openings exist			
N.2 One or More Non-Glazed openings classified as Leve table above	l D in the table above, and no N	on-Glazed openings classified as Level X in the			
N.3 One or More Non-Glazed openings is classified as Le		137. 4 . 11 . 1			
✓ X. None or Some Glazed Openings One or more Gla	zed openings classified and I	Level X in the table above.			
MITIGATION INSPECTIONS MUST Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes, pro	vides a listing of individuals	who may sign this form.			
Qualified Inspector Name: Troy Neal	License Type: Home Inspector	License or Certificate #: HI-10032			
Inspection Company: Neal Inspections LLC	·	Phone: 813-545-5363			
•	a. (ahaak ana)	010-040-0000			
<ul> <li>Qualified Inspector – I hold an active license as a: (check one)</li> <li>✓ Home inspector licensed under Section 468.8314, Florida Statutes who has completed the statutory number of hours of hurricane mitigation training approved by the Construction Industry Licensing Board and completion of a proficiency exam.</li> <li>☐ Building code inspector certified under Section 468.607, Florida Statutes.</li> <li>☐ General, building or residential contractor licensed under Section 489.111, Florida Statutes.</li> <li>☐ Professional engineer licensed under Section 471.015, Florida Statutes.</li> <li>☐ Professional architect licensed under Section 481.213, Florida Statutes.</li> <li>☐ Any other individual or entity recognized by the insurer as possessing the necessary qualifications to properly complete a uniform mitigation verification form pursuant to Section 627.711(2), Florida Statutes.</li> </ul>					
Individuals other than licensed contractors licensed under	r Section 489.111, Florida S	tatutes, or professional engineer licensed			
under Section 471.015, Florida Statues, must inspect the s	tructures personally and no	ot through employees or other persons.			
Licensees under s.471.015 or s.489.111 may authorize a di experience to conduct a mitigation verification inspection.		es the requisite skill, knowledge, and			
		d the inspection or ( <i>licensed</i>			
(print name)	and I personany periorme	a the inspection of (accused			
contractors and professional engineers only) I had my emp		perform the inspection			
and I agree to be responsible for his/her work.  Qualified Inspector Signature:  Date: 3/07/2024					
An individual or entity who knowingly or through gross n	egligence provides a false o	or fraudulent mitigation verification form is			
subject to investigation by the Florida Division of Insuran	ce Fraud and may be subje	ect to administrative action by the			
appropriate licensing agency or to criminal prosecution. (Section 627.711(4)-(7), Florida Statutes) The Qualified Inspector who certifies this form shall be directly liable for the misconduct of employees as if the authorized mitigation inspector personally performed the inspection.					
Homeowner to complete: I certify that the named Qualifi	ed Inspector or his or her em	ployee did perform an inspection of the			
<u>Homeowner to complete</u> : I certify that the named Qualified Inspector or his or her employee did perform an inspection of the residence identified on this form and that proof of identification was provided to me or my Authorized Representative.					
Signature: Date:					
An individual or entity who knowingly provides or utters a false or fraudulent mitigation verification form with the intent to obtain or receive a discount on an insurance premium to which the individual or entity is not entitled commits a misdemeanor of the first degree. (Section 627.711(7), Florida Statutes)					
The definitions on this form are for inspection purposes o as offering protection from hurricanes.	nly and cannot be used to c	ertify any product or construction feature			
Inspectors Initials TN Property Address 30/40/50/60 Woods Landing Trail 34677					
*This verification form is valid for up to five (5) years pro inaccuracies found on the form.	ovided no material changes	have been made to the structure or			

Page 4 of 4

OIR-B1-1802 (Rev. 01/12) Adopted by Rule 69O-170.0155



30/40/50/60 Woods Landing Trail 34677



Left Elevation



8d Ringshank Renail



Rear



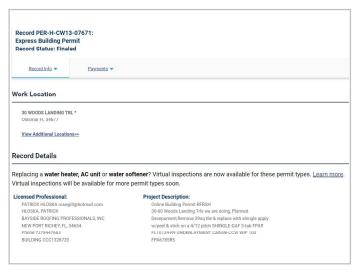
Right Elevation



8d Nails within 6"



Clips observed



Roof Permit PER-H-CW13-07671 (8/20/2013) with SWR

